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Milan, November 26. N. S.

THE Imperial Troops that are to Winter in this State, are already gone into the ſeveral Quarters that have been aſſign'd them, and the reſt continue their March towards the Mantuan, and the other Places appointed to receive them. They write from Genoa, that ſome Imperial Troops had been quartered upon ſeveral Imperial Fiefs, in order to oblige them to pay the Arrears due upon the Contributions that had been demanded of them; and that this had ſo terrified the other Feudatories of the Empire, that they were carrying in their reſpective Contingents to the Imperial Commiſſary General, thereby to prevent the like Military Executions. Three Men of War are ſailed from Toulon to Conſtantinople, where they are to receive on Board Monſieur Feriol, the French Ambaſſador; the Perſon appointed to ſucceed him, being already arrived at the Port, where all endeavours are uſed on the part of France, to perſwade the Turks to a Rupture. They are fitting out a ſtrong Squadron at Toulon, and ſpeedily expect a great Convoy laden with Corn from the Archipelago.

Venice, November 28. N. S. Signior Nani having performed his Quarantain at Verona, came hither towards the latter end of the laſt Week, and gave the Senate an Account of his Negotiation with the Imperial Commiſſary, and the Regulations had been lately made touching the Limits between Tirol and the Vincentin; from whence we are adviſed, that the Recruits for the Imperial Troops begin to arrive in thoſe Parts, and continue their March to their reſpective Bodies. The great Naval Preparations the new Viceroy of Naples cauſeth to be forwarded with much Diligence in that Kingdom, give Umbrage to ſome Neighbouring States, and will in time render him formidable to the Sicilians. That Prince having obſerved how little regard was had to Maritine Affairs, under the Adminiſtration of the late Cardinal Grimani, ſeems deſirous to make ſome Atonement for that Defect, and to render the Neapolitans as powerful by Sea as the Situation of their Country will permit. His Excellency has made many other Regulations ſince his Arrival, and has given Orders to the Prince of Darmſtat to prepare a large Train of Artillery and Ammunition of all ſorts. They write from Rome, that the Pope had been lately indiſpoſed, which however did not hinder him from appearing in Publick, or attending the Affairs of State. On the 21ſt Inſtant the Cardinal de la Tremouille had Audience of his Holineſs, and made great Complaints in the Name of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, for that the Cardinal de Bouillon had taken Poſſeſſion of the Abby of St. Amand, by the Aſſiſtance of the Allies, tho' he knew the King's Intentions were to confer it on him. On the ſame Day an Expreſs arrived from Vienna, with Letters for the Marquis de Prié, containing among other Matters new Inſtructions to that Miniſter, relating to Comachio, which however the Pope deſpairs of recovering during the War, ſo that the Congregations appointed to ſettle that Affair are quite laid aſide. Theſe Letters from Rome add, that a Reform had been lately made among the Officers belonging to the Troops in Garriſon there, and that a Congregation had been held in order to put a ſtop to the Abuſes that were frequently committed on Account of Relicks and Indulgences.

Berlin, December 6. N. S. The Queen has been indiſpos'd for ſome time, and a Swelling under her Arm has confin'd her all this laſt Week to her Chamber. The Commiſſioners appointed to enquire into the State of his Majeſty's Domain meet daily on that Account; and the Commiſſariat is likewiſe very buſy in ſettling the Winter Quarters for the Troops, and have under their Conſideration the moſt effectual means to recruit them. They are the more intent upon this Affair at preſent, becauſe the great Ravage the Plague has made in Pruſſia, Pomerania and other his Majeſty's Dominions, will render it a matter of ſome Difficulty, and the King is reſolved to enable them to take the Field early the next Campaign. The King of Poland being expected ſpeedily at Dreſden, this Court is under ſome Perplexities on that Account; for as he muſt of Neceſſity paſs through part of his Pruſſian Majeſty's Dominions, they are apprehenſive of the Plague on the one hand, and know not on the other how to refuſe a Paſſage to him and his Retinue, tho' they have hitherto kept very ſtrict Orders on the Frontiers, permitting no Perſon on any pretext whatſoever to come from Poland or Pruſſia. Our Letters from Dantzick of the 29th tell us they were in great hopes of ſeeing the Diet of Pruſſia brought to an happy Concluſion, after ſo many warm Debates and Conteſts that had interrupted their Proceedings. The States of that Province having formerly Sworn to the Confederacy of Warſaw in favour of King Staniſlaus, gave occaſion to thoſe Heats; but as they are now engaging them in a new Oath to the Confederacy of Sendomir, there is great probability that all things will determine amicably, and in favour of King Auguſtus. Monſieur Brenner, Prince Ragotski's Agent, who has been a long time in Poland, and came ſome time ſince to Dantzick, ſet out from thence the 27th of the laſt Month to Coningsberg, from whence he is to proceed to the Czar, to try if he can obtain ſomething from him in favour of the Prince, his Maſter. His Czariſh Majeſty is ſpeedily expected at Riga, where he propoſeth to keep his Chriſtmas, and reſide 'till next February. Notwithſtanding we have had frequent Advices to the contrary, it is now given out, that the Turks are making great Preparations for War, and that they declare they are reſolved to conduct the King of Sweden ſafe into his Dominions.

Hanover, December 9. N. S. This Evening his Electoral Highneſs and the whole Court returned from the Goere. Our Letters from the North are full of uncertainties, and frequently contradict one the other; they now pretend, that the Turks ſeem reſolved to ſupport the King of Sweden, and that in order to it the Palatine of Kiow was ſet out from Conſtantinople, having firſt obtained a large Sum of Mony of the Grand Signior, with which he